

## Singleton Church of England Primary School Progression of Skills and Knowledge Art - Y6



YEAR 6	Year 6 – Unit 1	Year 6- Unit 2	Year 5 – Unit 3
ART	Artists Study - Painting and Mixed media	Make my voice heard – drawing	Making Memories - Sculpture & 3D
			9
Knowledge of	Know the following artists	Know the following artists	Know the following artists
Artists	<ul> <li>David Hockney or Richard Brakenburg</li> <li>Paula Rego</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Diego Rivera</li><li>Dan Fenelon</li></ul>	<ul><li>Louise Nevelson</li><li>Joseph Cornell</li></ul>
	Jon Singer Sargent	Vermeer	зозерп сотпен
	Fiona Rae or Frank Bowling	Da Vinchi	
	Lubaina Himid	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works.	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works.
		Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art	Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art
	Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works.	works may have been made been made	works may have been made
	Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art	Know that Artists can use symbols in their artwork to convey meaning. (Diego Rivera)	Know Artists can make work by collecting and combining ready-made objects to
	works may have been made.	Know that artists find inspiration in other artist's work, adapting and interpreting ideas	create 'assemblage'
	Artists use art to tell stories about things that are important to them; looking at	and techniques to create something new. (Dan Fenelon)	
	artworks from the past can reveal thoughts and opinions from that time.		
KEY	Art sometimes creates difficult feelings when we look at it     Artist, Compositions, Evaluation, Medium, Mixed media, Technique, Translate, Analyse,	Maya, Mayan, Imagery, Mark making, Expressive, Character traits, Symbol, Symbolic,	Expression, Self, Identity, Attribute, Symbolic, Literal, Assemblage, sculpture, Manipulate,
	Meaning, Narrative, Interpret, Justify, Inference, Respond, Tableau, Abstract, Convey,	Interpretation, Aesthetic, Representative, Tone, Chiaroscuro, Technique, Graffiti, Guerilla,	Relief, Composition, Juxtaposition, Embedded, Tradition, Pitfall, Representation, Originality,
VOCABULARY	Compose, Thought-provoking	Mural, Street art, Commissioned, Tone, Tonal, Composition, Impact, Audience	Collection
SUBSTANTIVE	Colour	Line	Form
KNOWLEDGE	Know that 'monochromatic' artwork uses tints and shades of just one colour.	Know how line is used beyond drawing and can be applied to other art forms.	Know that the surface textures created by different materials can help suggest
	Know that colours can be symbolic and have meanings that vary according to your	Pattern	form in two-dimensional art work.
	culture or background, e.g. red for danger or for celebration.	Know that pattern can be created in many different ways, eg in the rhythm of	Shape
		brushstrokes in a painting (like the work of van Gogh) or in repeated shapes within	Know how an understanding of shape and space can support creating effective
		a composition. Texture	composition.
		Know that applying thick layers of paint to a surface is called impasto, and is used	
		by artists such as Claude Monet to describe texture.	
		Tone	
		That chiaroscuro means 'light and dark' and is a term used to describe	
		high-contrast images	
MAKING	Recall Artists from previous years	Recall Artists from previous years	Recall Artists from previous years
CONNECTIONS	<ul> <li>Year 3 – Prehistoric painting</li> <li>What can we remember? — Key questions</li> </ul>	Year 3  • What type of patterns can we have? – Man made / natural	Year 3  • What are organic / geometric 3D forms?
Key knowledge /	What is proportion? - how big something looks compared to the rest of it	Who can give examples?	Who can tell me about negative shapes? - know that negative shapes show the space
key questions	What is smudging? – blending a soft drawing on a material surface	What is texture? - It can be real – what it feels like or can be made to appear textured	around and between objects.
	<ul> <li>What is natural paint? how did we make them? – Natural pigments</li> </ul>	in a drawing using shading	What is abstract Art?
	<ul> <li>Who can remember key facts about the colour wheel? – complementary</li> </ul>	Who can give me example of techniques used for shading, hatching, cross hatching,	
	colours opposite	scribbling and stippling	Year 4
	Year 4		Llow con we use colour to proots a 2D effect? lighter and darker tints and shades
	What can we remember? — Key questions  • How do we make a shade?	Year 4  What us Pattern? – know pattern can be manmade or patural	How can we use colour to create a 3D effect? lighter and darker tints and shades     of a colour
	How do we make a shade:     How do we make a tint?	<ul> <li>What us Pattern? – know pattern can be manmade or natural</li> <li>How can we add texture to artwork – What is texture?</li> </ul>	How can folding and rolling be used to create 3D forms?
	When would we use shade and tints? And why?	<ul> <li>Shading and blending – what is hatching, cross- hatching, scribbling and tippling?</li> </ul>	The weath folding and folling be used to create 3D follins:
		The state of the s	Year 5
	Year 5	Year 5	What is an art installation? - is often a room or environment in which the viewer
	What can we remember? — Key questions	Can you tell me when an artist might use diagonal lines and for what purpose – to	'experiences' the art all around them
	How are colours used to create atmosphere?	draw eye in to centre of the picture	How does the size and scale of three-dimensional art work change the effect of
	What are warm and cold colours? When would you use them?  What are warm and cold colours? When would you use them?	How is pattern used within art? to add expressive detail to art works, for example	the piece?
	<ul> <li>What can you tell me about Van Gogh? Did he use warm or cold colours – can you give me an example of a painting?</li> </ul>	Chila Kumari Singh Burman using small everyday objects to add detail to	What is a silhouette? a shape filled with a solid flat colour that represents an
	ine all example of a painting:	sculptures.	object.
How can we create texture?			

## own starting points for creative outcomes. own starting points for creative outcomes. own starting points for creative outcomes. Sketchbooks: Sketchbooks: Sketchbooks: Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks. and plans using sketchbooks. and plans using sketchbooks. Making skills: Making skills: Making skills: Create expressively in their own personal style and in response to their choice of Create expressively in their own personal style and in response to their choice of • Create expressively in their own personal style and in response to their choice of stimulus, showing the ability to develop artwork independently. stimulus, showing the ability to develop artwork independently. stimulus, showing the ability to develop artwork independently. • Combine materials and techniques appropriately to fit with ideas. Combine materials and techniques appropriately to fit with ideas. Combine materials and techniques appropriately to fit with ideas. Work in a sustained way over several sessions to complete a piece, including Work in a sustained way over several sessions to complete a piece, including • Work in a sustained way over several sessions to complete a piece, including working collaboratively on a larger scale and incorporating the formal elements of working collaboratively on a larger scale and incorporating the formal elements of working collaboratively on a larger scale and incorporating the formal elements of **Knowledge of artists:** Knowledge of artists: **Knowledge of artists:** • Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists • Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists • Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work. historical context may have influenced their creative work. historical context may have influenced their creative work. • Recognise how artists use materials to respond to feelings and memory and Recognise how artists use materials to respond to feelings and memory and Recognise how artists use materials to respond to feelings and memory and choose materials, imagery, shape and form to create personal pieces. choose materials, imagery, shape and form to create personal pieces. choose materials, imagery, shape and form to create personal pieces. • Understand how art forms such as photography and sculpture continually develop • Understand how art forms such as photography and sculpture continually develop Understand how art forms such as photography and sculpture continually develop over time as artists seek to break new boundaries. over time as artists seek to break new boundaries. over time as artists seek to break new boundaries. **Evaluating and Analysing Evaluating and Analysing Evaluating and Analysing** • Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others' work which takes account of • Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others' work which takes account of • Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others' work which takes account of context and intention. context and intention. context and intention. • Discuss how art is sometimes used to communicate social, political, or Discuss how art is sometimes used to communicate social, political, or Discuss how art is sometimes used to communicate social, political, or environmental views. environmental views. environmental views. • Explain how art can be created to cause reaction and impact and be able to • Explain how art can be created to cause reaction and impact and be able to Explain how art can be created to cause reaction and impact and be able to consider why an artist chooses to use art in this way. consider why an artist chooses to use art in this way. consider why an artist chooses to use art in this way. • Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work. alternative solutions and make improvements to their work. alternative solutions and make improvements to their work. Formal Elements: Colour Formal Flements: Line Formal Flements: Form • Mix and apply colours to represent still life objects from observation. • Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits. • Express and articulate a personal message through sculpture. Express feelings and emotions through colour. Develop greater skill and control. Analyse and study artists' use of form. **Formal Elements: Shape** • Study colours used by Impressionist painters. Study and apply the techniques of other artists. • Fluently sketch key shapes of objects when drawing. Formal Elements: Pattern Represent feelings and emotions through patterns. • Create abstract compositions using knowledge of other artists' work. Create sophisticated artwork using their knowledge of pattern. Formal Elements: Texture • Explore art through a range of different textural mediums. Formal Elements: Tone • Increase awareness of using tone to describe light and shade, contrast, highlight and shadow. Manipulate tone for halo and chiaroscuro techniques. **Key Assessment Key Assessment Opportunity Key Assessment Opportunity Key Assessment Opportunity** Assessment Task in week 7 Assessment Task in week 5 To create box sculpture, reflecting on process and personal development as artist Opportunity I can use sketchbook ideas to translate into a larger piece. To apply knowledge and skills to create drawn image to convey a message on a subject they Assessment Task in week 5 I can select different materials and techniques based on my experiences. feel passionate about. Consider symbolism, colour, pattern, line and tone for effect and To apply knowledge and skills to create a mixed-media self-portrait. • I can continue to explore new ideas and try things out. impact on audience I can identify areas of my work to refine. • I can analyse how an artist conveys a message. • I can select appropriate tools and materials to improve my work. I can revisit and evaluate my piece to develop it further. I can use my creative work to develop an idea, applying drawing techniques for visual I can reflect on my work and personal development as an artist.to convey a message on impact and effect. a subject

Generating ideas:

Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their

I can work independently, revisiting and reviewing my work to develop it.

Generating ideas:

Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their

**Key Skills** 

**Generating ideas:** 

• Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their